

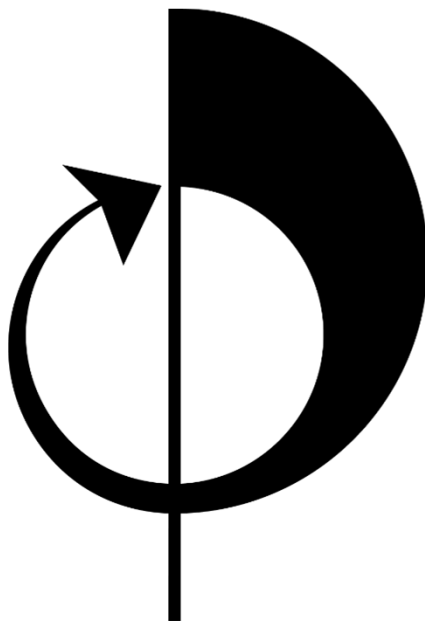


**Pneumofore**



**LONGEVITY'S RULES**

**Daniel Hilfiker**



# Pneumofore



# ROTARY VANE TECHNOLOGY



**A SERIES** AIR COMPRESSORS



**UV SERIES** VACUUM PUMPS

SINCE  
**1923**

SWISS ENGINEERING  
ITALIAN DESIGN  
GLOBAL PRESENCE

# WORLD REFERENCES



# GLASS INDUSTRY REFERENCES - EXTRACT



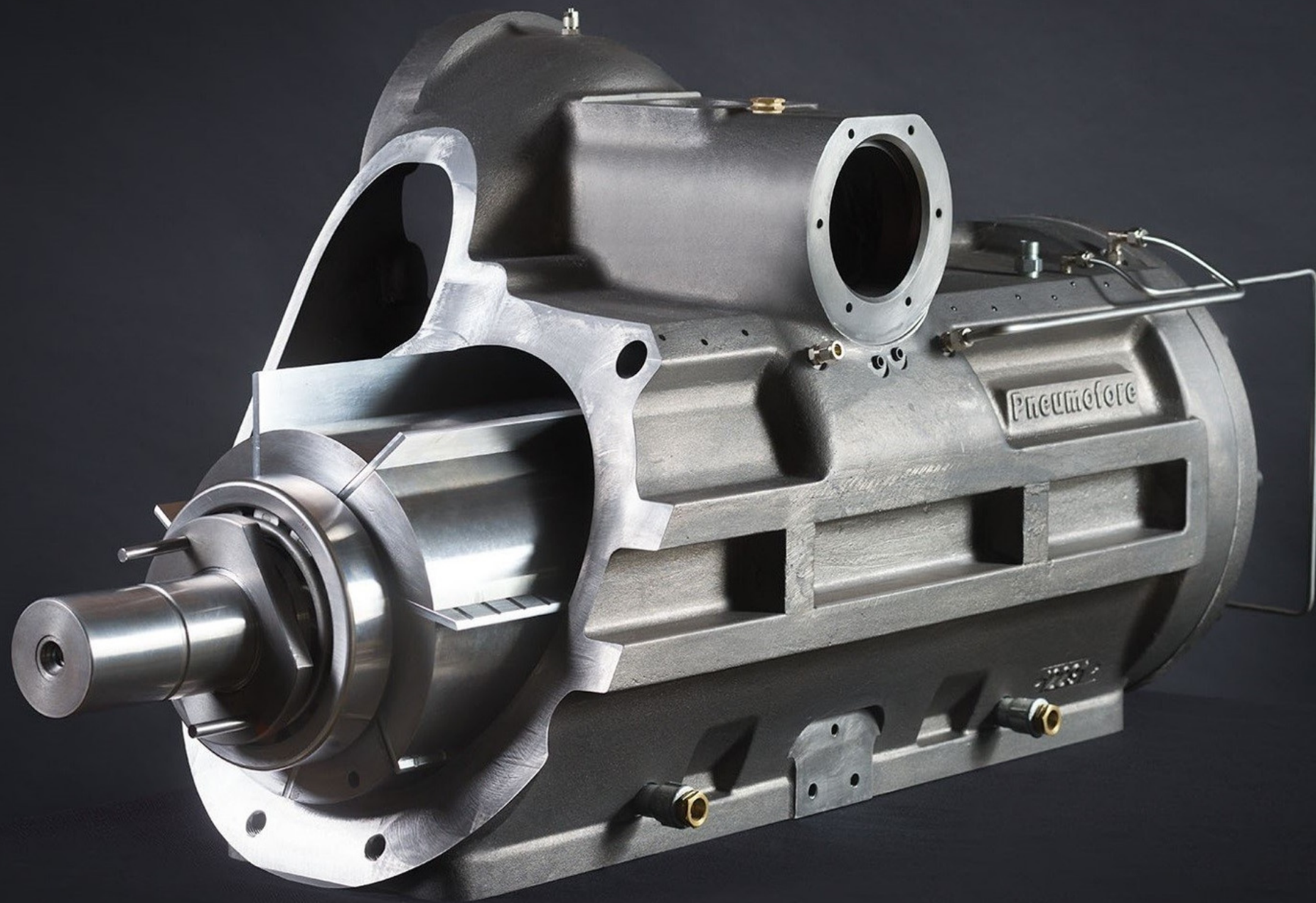


# TAILORED SOLUTIONS FOR VACUUM SYSTEMS AND COMPRESSORS



MEXICO







# LONGEVITY'S RULES



# PLANNED OBSOLESCENCE



The widespread 'Planned Obsolescence' approach to equipment design offers:

- Life Cycle of 3 to 6 years maximum;
- Irreparable products;
- Disposable equipment;
- High service costs;
- A strategy to generate long-term sales and after-sales volumes.

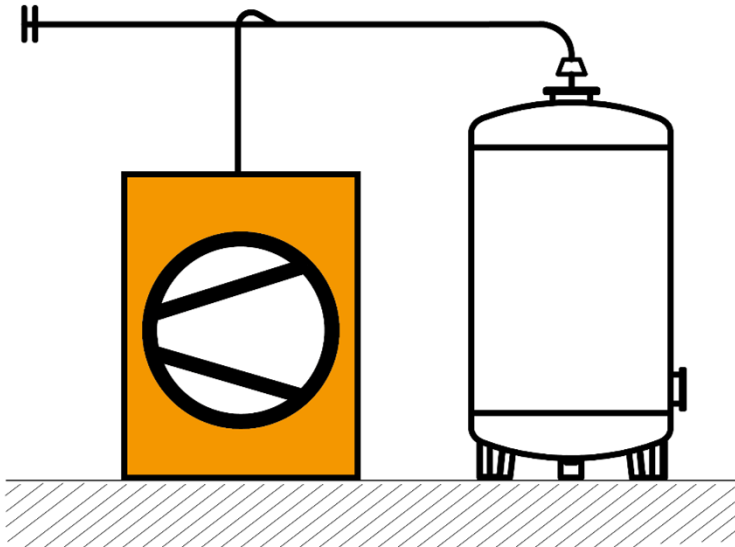
# A PARADIGM SHIFT TOWARDS LONGEVITY



# TOTAL COST OF OWNERSHIP

## KEY FACTORS

CAPEX



MAINTENANCE



ENERGY





## **COST OF A 250 kW AIR COMPRESSOR**

considering capex and electricity only (early 2023 rates)

### **PURCHASING**

Typical Capex: 110.000 €

### **ENERGY**

Typical electricity cost: 0,12 € / kWh

Cost per hour: 250 kW @ 0,12 € / kWh = 30 €/h

Average working hours per year: 8.760 h

Cost per year: 8.760 h \* 30 € = 262.800 €/year

### **15-YEAR COMPARISON**

CAPEX

110.000 €

ELECTRICITY COST

3.942.000 €

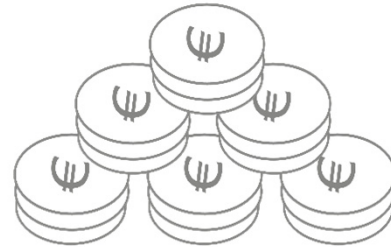
**36 TIMES MORE !**

# CAPEX vs OTHER FACTORS IN A 15 YEAR ANALYSIS

CAPEX



MAINTENANCE



ENERGY



→ x 36 !

# CLEAR MAINTENANCE PLAN

Years	Working Hours	Ordinary Maintenance	Periodic Maintenance	Annual Kit Price* (Euro)	Manpower (Hours)
1	8.000	@ 6.000	NO	3458	4
2	16.000	@ 12.000	NO	3458	4
3	24.000	@ 18.000 @ 24.000	@ 24.000	7727	11
4	32.000	@ 30.000	NO	3458	4
5	40.000	@ 36.000	NO	3458	4
6	48.000	@ 42.000 @ 48.000	@ 48.000	7727	11
7	56.000	@ 54.000	NO	3458	4
8	64.000	@ 60.000	NO	3458	4
9	72.000	@ 66.000 @ 72.000	@ 72.000	7727	11
10	80.000	@ 78.000	NO	3458	4
			<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>47387</b>	<b>61</b>

10 year service plan for a Pneumofore UV50 vacuum pump

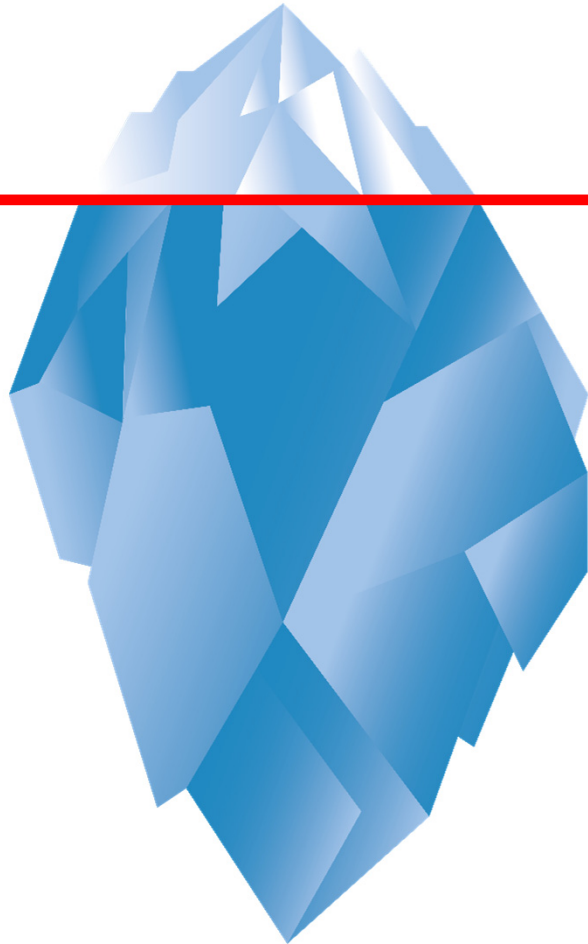
\* 2023 pricelist



# CAPEX vs HIDDEN COSTS

## MACHINE CAPEX

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**ELECTRICAL POWER** **TRANSPORTATION**  
**ACCESSORIES** **IMPORT FEES**  
**INQUIRY RELATED COSTS**  
**PIPING DESIGN** **TRAINING**  
**INSTALLATION** **UNPREDICTABILITIES**  
**EVALUATION TIME**  
**RISKS**

**LABOUR COSTS** **HANDLING**

# THE IMPORTANCE OF LONGEVITY

Longevity rules because:

- It avoids the waste of money spent in buying equipment over and over;
- You can focus on other priorities than fixing auxiliary equipment;
- It contrasts the Planned Obsolescence strategy, which is made to fulfill the revenue's goals of others companies, not yours;
- It is a key factor in making a contribution to the environment.

# LONGEVITY'S RULES

Designing rules that maximize longevity:

- Simple and sturdy design, without too many components;
- Ease-of-access and -maintenance
- Components must be easily replaceable or fixed;
- Over-dimensioned components (like motor and filters);
- Availability of spare parts (Total OEM independency).





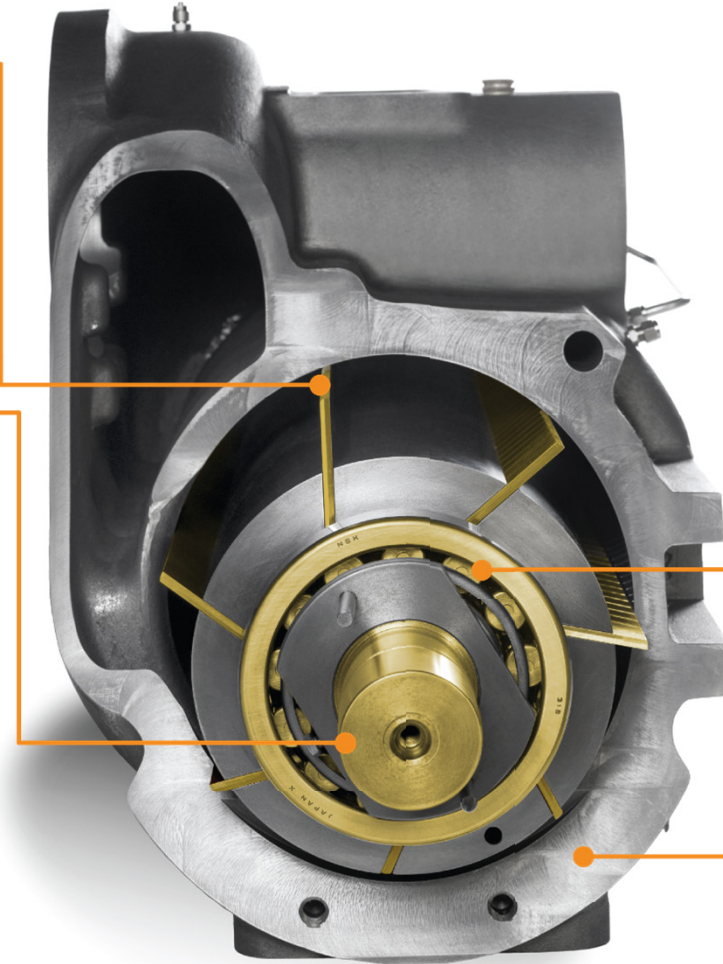
# WHY ROTARY VANE

## THE VANES

non-consumable parts

## DIRECT DRIVE

no transmission loss  
low running speed  
[900 - 1880 rpm]



## ONLY 2 BEARINGS

120.000 h of operation

## NO OVERHAULING

constant efficiency  
extended warranty

# WHY ROTARY VANE

## THE VANES

non-consumable parts

## ONLY 2 BEARINGS

120 000 h of operation

## ACTIVE SEALING

## DIRECT DRIVE

no transmission loss  
low running speed  
[900 - 1880 rpm]

## NO OVERHAULING

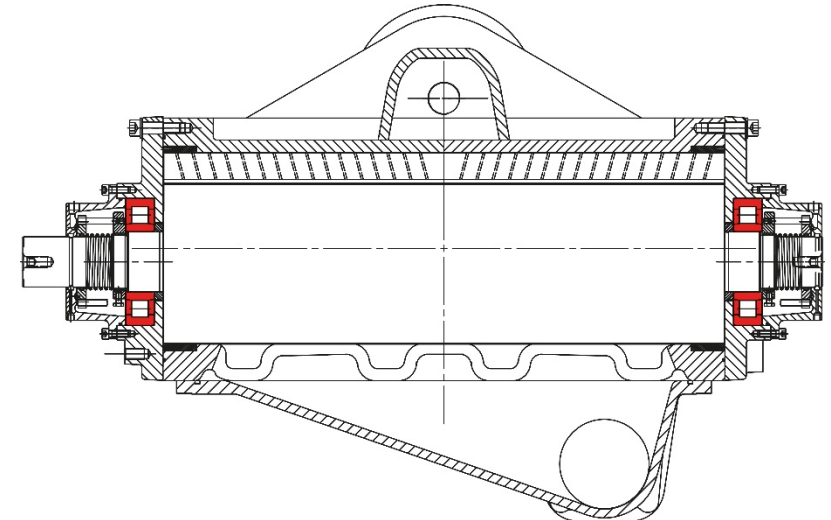
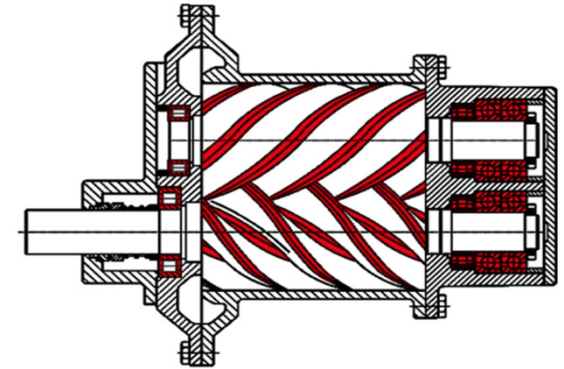
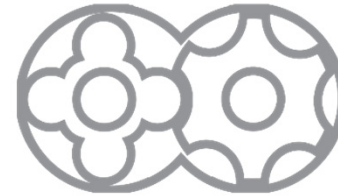
constant efficiency  
extended warranty



# EFFICIENCY OVER TIME

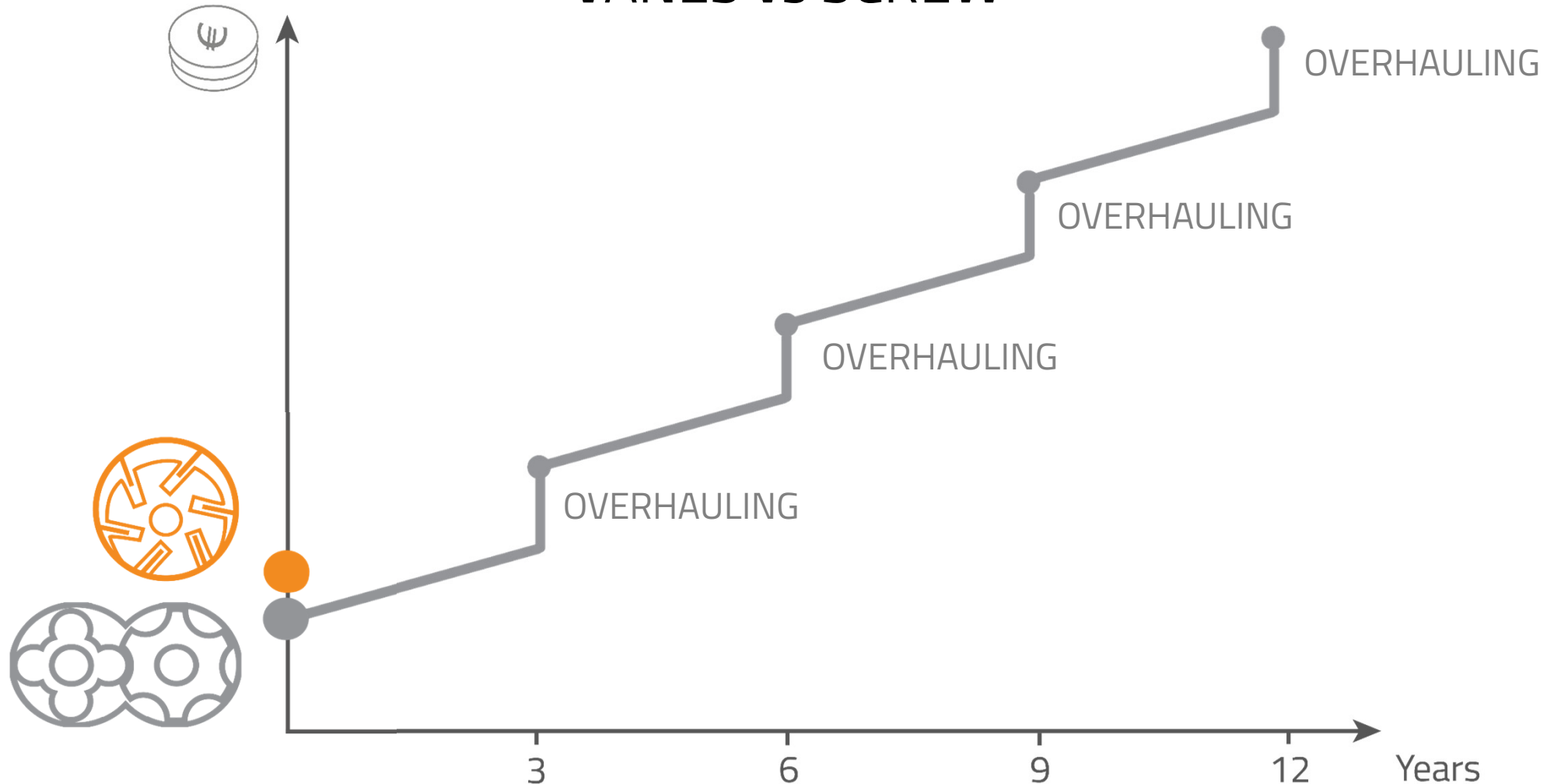
Efficiency is affected over time by:

- The increased tolerance of bearings;
- Gearboxes or belts;
- Service factor of electrical motor.



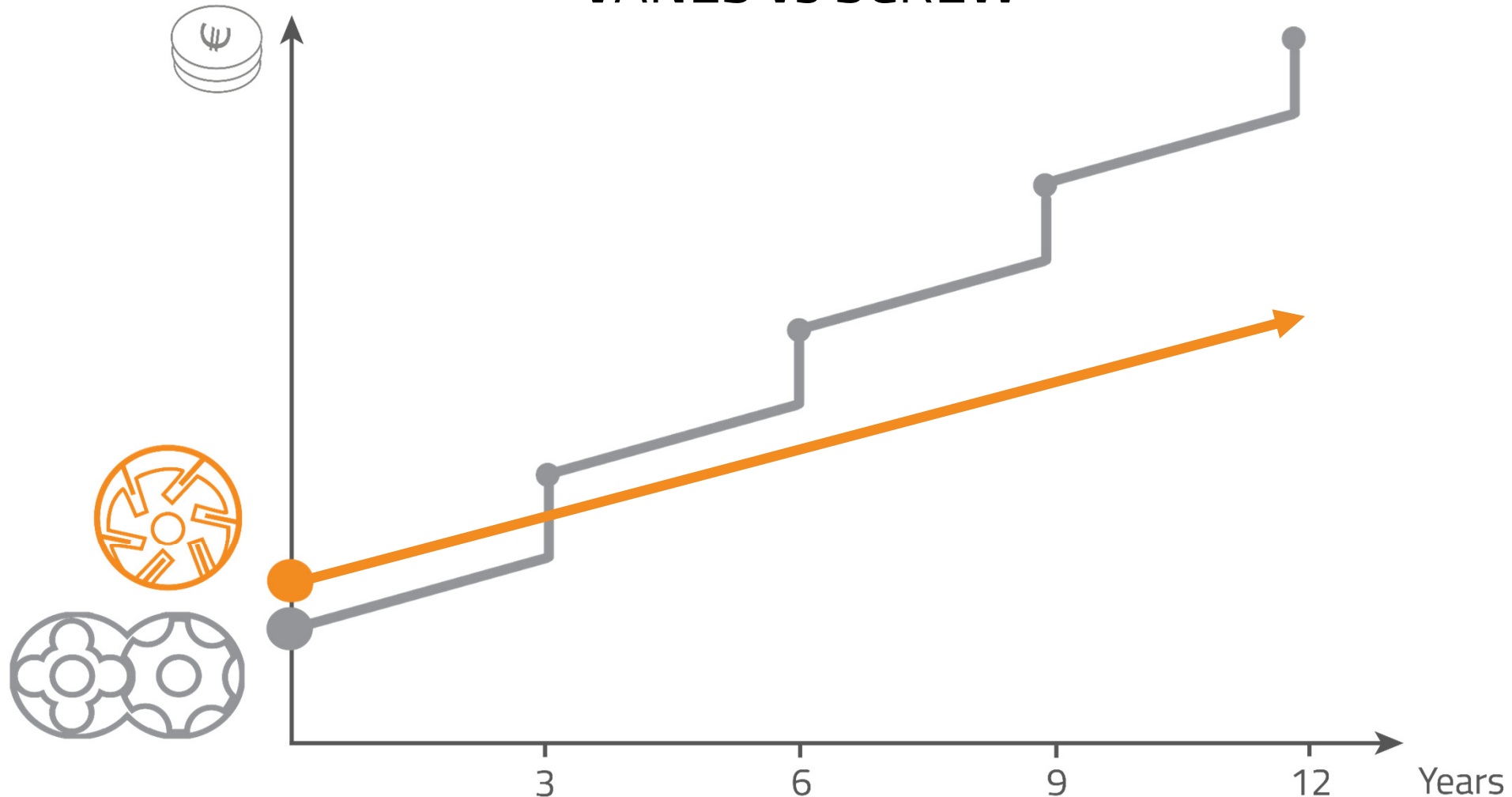
# CAPEX + ENERGY + MAINTENANCE

## VANES vs SCREW



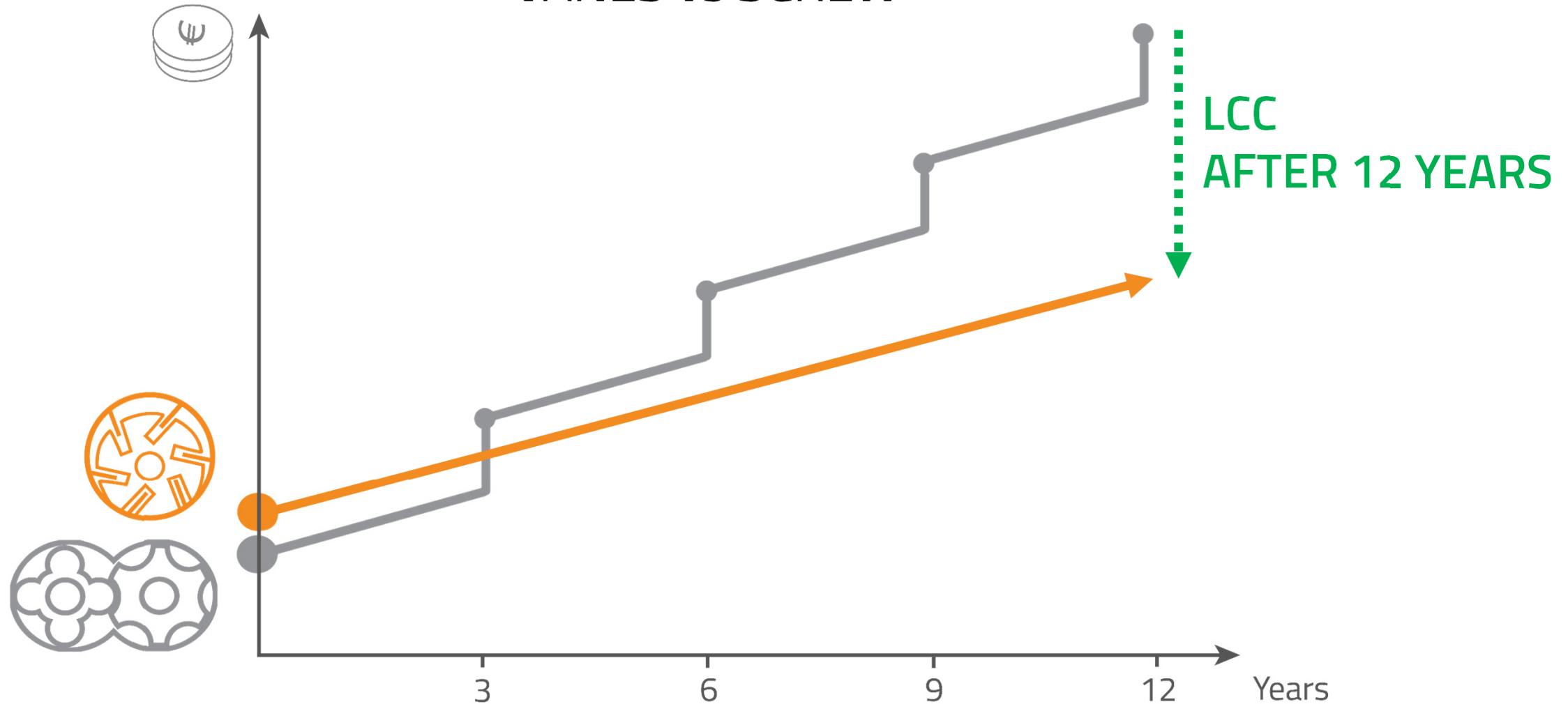


# CAPEX + ENERGY + MAINTENANCE VANES vs SCREW



# CAPEX + ENERGY + MAINTENANCE

## VANES vs SCREW



# LONGEVITY'S RULES

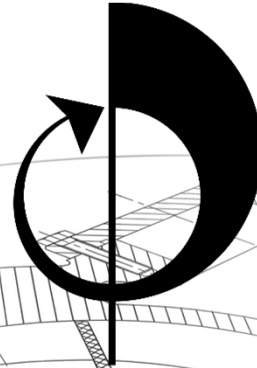
More healthy “dietary” practices for maximum life expectancy:

- Regular maintenance;
- Using appropriate spare parts;
- Regular visual checks;
- Cleaning of the radiators and electrical cabinet;
- Fresh, cool and clean air: choose shaded and ventilated areas to install the units and keep low the level of air pollution;
- Give space around the inlet in order to avoid depression that could affect the pump efficiency;
- Perform regular preventive check-ups.

# CONCLUSIONS

- Ask for the Extended Warranty
- Ask for a Total Cost Analysis over 10 Years
- Avoid Planned Obsolescent Equipment
- What Doesn't Exist Doesn't Break
- Make a Forward-Looking Management Choice:  
Buy it Only Once, Install it and Forget it





**Pneumofore**



**LONGEVITY'S RULES**

Thank you for your attention !